www.allergy.org.au/anaphylaxis

## Anaphylaxis Fast Facts



Visit <a href="www.allergy.org.au/anaphylaxis">www.allergy.org.au/anaphylaxis</a> for free resources about anaphylaxis.

## ascia

australasian society of clinical immunology and allergy

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ASCIA is the peak professional body of clinical immunology/allergy specialists in Australia and New Zealand.

## Fast Facts

## **Anaphylaxis**

- Anaphylaxis is a potentially life threatening, severe allergic reaction, that should always be treated as a medical emergency. It occurs after exposure to an allergen (usually to foods, insects or medicines), to which a person is allergic. Not all people with allergies are at risk of anaphylaxis.
- 2 Anaphylaxis symptoms include one or more of the following:
  - · Difficult/noisy breathing
  - · Swelling of tongue
  - Swelling/tightness in throat
  - Difficulty talking and/or hoarse voice
  - Wheeze or persistent cough
- Persistent dizziness and/or collapse
- Pale and floppy (in young children)
- Stomach (abdominal) pain, vomiting (insect allergy)
- 3 In some cases, anaphylaxis is preceded by a mild to moderate allergic reaction, with symptoms such as swelling of face, lips and/ or eyes, hives or welts and stomach (abdominal) pain and vomiting.
- 4 Anaphylaxis requires immediate treatment with adrenaline (epinephrine), injected into the outer mid-thigh. It works rapidly to reverse the effects of anaphylaxis.
- 5 Adrenaline autoinjectors contain a single, fixed dose of adrenaline, and have been designed to be given by non-medical people, including the patient themselves (if they are well enough).
- 6 ASCIA Action Plans for Anaphylaxis include infographics to illustrate the first steps of action for anaphylaxis:
  - 1 Lay person flat DO NOT allow them to stand or walk
    If unconscious, place in recovery position.
    If breathing is difficult allow them to sit
  - 2 Give adrenaline autoinjector
  - 3 Phone ambulance 000 (AU) or 111 (NZ)
  - 4 Phone family/emergency contact
  - 5 Further adrenaline doses may be given if no response after 5 minutes
  - 6 Transfer person to hospital for at least 4 hours of observation

If in doubt give adrenaline autoinjector. Commence CPR at any time if person is unresponsive and not breathing normally.

More information: www.allergy.org.au/anaphylaxis
Other Fast Facts: www.allergy.org.au/patients/fast-facts